



**Unique features, real performance and exceptional installability**

***This manual applies to DCCconcepts ZEN, ZEN BLUE+ and ZEN BLACK Series decoders.  
(Some features are however only available in decoders from ZEN software version 12)***

**We have often been asked for a more detailed decoder manual, so here it is!**

### **Please note:**

*The exciting features available from Zen Blue+ and Zen Black decoders were the main motivation for the creation of this very detailed manual, but if you have our original DCCconcepts ZEN decoders, this manual is for you too! That is because as while there are definitely added things that only Zen Blue+ or Zen Black can do, many of the features, functions and CV settings you see here are also applicable to the original Zen decoder range.*

### **An introduction plus several highly detailed manuals:**

- Page 1~4: Introduction, specification, Zen decoder wiring and connections.
- Page 1~49: DCCconcepts ZEN BLUE+ and BLACK decoders - The FULL comprehensive manual.
- Page 1~ 15: Part 1: DCCconcepts ZEN BLUE+ and BLACK decoders - Motor control, Adjustment, Stay-Alive connections.
- Page 16~27: Part 2: DCCconcepts ZEN BLUE+ and BLACK decoders - Detailed lighting examples and Active Function setup.
- Page 28~48: Part 3: DCCconcepts BLACK decoders - DCCconcepts advanced ZEN ABC Braking, DCCconcepts advanced ZEN Stopping, ZEN's unique "Automatic Shuttle" control ability and ZEN simplified "Brake on DC".
- AND... Page 49: Addendum and NEW notes on decoder features, instalaltion, use and set-up.

**All manuals are available online at [www.dccconcepts.com](http://www.dccconcepts.com)**

### **A few words from us... and our manual's "creator":**

- *Most things in here quite simple to do - and we have done our best to describe it all as simply as possible.*
- *CVs are covered in order AND also as part of each specialised area too, so you will always find what you need.*
- *Where setup is complex, we have included examples with every step covered so you can just copy them.*
- *Things like our unique approach to ABC automation are actually quite simple but there ARE some quite complex applications and diagrams in that area too . Blame me for that - sorry! It is NOT because you have to do it that way - it is just because we are excited at just how much our advanced ABC approach can achieve... and I really, really wanted to show you what it could do for you with very little extra effort!*
- *I also want to encourage you to "Have a go" at some of the things we have discussed here, because there is so much more than most modellers ever see, hidden inside every Zen decoder that we create.*
- *From all of us: We hope you enjoy it - thank you for sharing your hobby time with us.*



**Zen Decoders are imagined, designed and manufactured by DCCconcepts Ltd  
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### **Introduction to ZEN and a little more about the things covered in this comprehensive manual:**

**Zen** decoder software has always been smooth, clever and easy to use but our new BLUE+ and BLACK decoder ranges take this to a new level, with extended and improved automatic braking abilities and simple-to-use ONE step locomotive set-up.

Our Decoder design ideas do not just accept loco-space problems or installation difficulty... so they are designed to fit where others very probably will not. After all - great features and the best performance are of no value to you unless you can fit a decoder in a loco!

**Zen** decoders are assembled in an automated facility. Electronic parts have a "best before" date as critical things such as solderable surfaces need to be new for high reliability, so all parts deliveries are always "just in time".

The PCBs that we use are created within hours of assembly so that board surface preparation is still fresh and all surfaces are 100% free of defects and contamination at the time of assembly.

Actual assembly is then carried out by fully automated machinery with superb accuracy.

Critical things such as machine-applied fluxes and solder baths are replaced well before recommended dates so that dry joints cannot happen and defect-free assembly and subsequent reliability can therefore be guaranteed.

Finally, once assembled, all of our decoders are tested at least 3 times before we package them for sale, so we know that they all work perfectly when we sell them and you can be quite confident that reliability is assured.

### **Stay-Alive: Zen BLUE+ and BLACK decoders :**

**Zen Blue+ and Black decoders have improved "Brown out" protection, so we no longer provide Stay-Alives in each pack. We have also made other changes to Zen stay alive support. You will find full details of this on page 15.**

- Zen decoders now have a plug-and-play 3-wire connector for the attachment of Stay-Alives.
- Rather than make Zen stay alives bulky and hard to install, they are now in two parts. A small plug-and-play control board and a selection of varying plug-and-play capacitor banks that you can select to fill your specific need for each locomotive.

### **Warranty Information:**

**Zen** decoders are made with great care, so we are able to have a simple & easy-to-live-with approach to Zen warranty.

- If any Zen decoder with no visible external damage fails to perform as it should, please return it. If we cannot revive it with a simple factory reset, then we will replace it for you free of charge.
- If a Zen decoder has heat damage, a burn mark on the heat-shrink or any other form of accidental physical damage, then we will replace it for you at 50% of the new decoders recommended retail price.

### **Decoder pack inclusions:**

Every **Zen** decoder is supplied complete and ready to install.

**Zen BLUE+ decoders:** Supplied complete with any required harness and a detailed manual.

**Zen BLACK decoders:** Supplied complete with any required harness and a detailed manual.

(Selected models may also be supplied with one DCD-ABC module for you to experiment with)

### **Additional ABC parts and Accessories:**

We are confident that **Zen BLACK** owners will want to exploit the advantages of our ABC automated stopping system so we have also added some new accessory packs that include these very simple braking control boards.

**DCD-ABC.3** - A pack of three ABC Automatic Brake Section control boards.

**DCD-ABC.6** - A pack of six ABC Automatic Brake Section control boards.

**DCD-BDC.3** - A pack of three BDC Automatic "DCCconcepts Simplified Brake on DC" section control boards.

**DCD-BDC.6** - A pack of six BDC Automatic "DCCconcepts Simplified Brake on DC" section control boards.

**DCD-HDR.6** - A pack containing 6 spare headers, 3x Red, 3x Blue.

**Please look at page 15 and our website for details of Stay-Alive, harnesses and other accessories.**



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**Part 1: DCCconcepts ZEN Blue, BLUE+ and BLACK decoders  
General Specifications, Motor control, Loco Running and Adjustments.**

Model	Peak	Continuous	Functions	Connector	Size (mm)	Actual decoder size
BLUE+ models have a BLUE background. BLACK models have a BLACK background.						(When page is printed at 100%)
<b>ZN218.6 Black</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	6fn x 100mA	21 and 8-pin	23 x 16.5	 (ABC) 6 Function
<b>ZN218.4.2 Black</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	4 x 100mA fn plus 2 x low power function	21 and 8-pin	23 x 16.5	 (ABC) 4 + 2 Function
<b>ZEN Mini Black</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	4 x 100mA	8-pin wired	19 x 11	 (ABC)
<b>ZEN MIDI Black (New High Power)</b>	2.0 A	1.2A *See notes	6 x 100mA	8-pin wired	22 x 13	 (ABC) 6-function High Power
<b>ZEN N18 Blue+</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	4 x 100mA	Next-18	15 x 10	
<b>ZN8D Blue+</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	4 x 100mA	8-pin direct	16 x 8.5	
<b>ZN8H Black</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	2 x 100mA	8-pin wired	16 x 9	 (ABC) 2-Function
<b>ZN6D Blue+</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	2 x 100mA	6-pin direct	14 x 9	
<b>ZN68 Blue+</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	2 x 100mA	6 and 8 pin	14 x 9	
<b>ZN360.6 Black</b>	1.1 A	750mA *See notes	6 x 100mA (Six full power functions)	8-pin direct	16 x 14	 (ABC) 6-Function
<b>ZBHP Black (Buddha)</b>	5 A	3.5 A (Conservative)	6 x 250mA (Six full power functions)	12 terminals	42 x 27	 (ABC) 5 amp 6-Function

**POWER NOTES:** We have been very conservative in claimed power specifications. As a result, while we use parts that are identical in real-world power specification to those of our competitors, we claim only 750mA power handling where they may claim 1 amp or more. We do this because in reality, they are forgetting to tell you that while their decoder MAY take an amp, it will do so for only a second or two without potential problems! (In reality load any HO decoder to anywhere near an amp and you CAN expect excessive heating in just a second or so. All decoders are weakened or damaged by high heat levels and will definitely burn out if left with that sort of load.) Our more conservative rating will help you have a long life for each decoder. You need to consider this because the load on a decoder is not just the motor current. Every light/LED or other powered accessory has to share the available power, and when the train is long or under load, the current draw of a fully featured loco will often exceed expectations. Load generates heat, and constant load just stresses everything, so being a little conservative in the way you think about power handling will lead to greater long term reliability.



**Wiring and Connections for Zen Decoders.**

All Zen decoders follow the DCC standards exactly, using correct colour codes, connectors and pin diameters so we can be certain that, providing the loco manufacturer also does what they should, a plug-and-play connection will always work!

**TOP TIPS for reliable installations:**

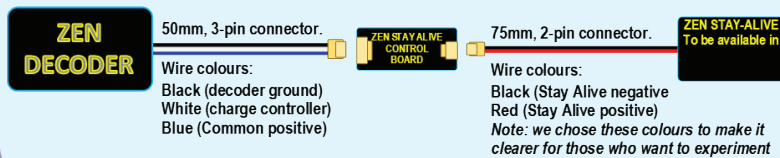
- **Run the loco in on DC before installation:** Do this on the layout if you have a DC controller. If you do not have a DC powered test track, then we recommend use of a rolling road. <https://www.dccconcepts.com/product/rolling-road-multi-gauge-8-axle/>
- **Suppression capacitors:** While they can be left in if you are not confident, we always recommend removing capacitors from the locomotive if you can. They are often small biscuit-coloured discs that can be cut away without affecting other wiring. (They are part of the DC suppression circuit of the loco and are not required with DCC. If they are left in place they may, in some cases, affect the quality of communication between loco motor and decoder, preventing the best possible fine-tuning)
- **Clean the wheels and the areas where pickups make contact:** This also applies to new locos. You will be very surprised just how much black muck will come off them when you use a cotton bud and alcohol for the cleaning. Of course, also clean any track that will be involved with the decoders initial setup and running. Excellent wheel-to-track contact is needed for this.
- **Insulate any unused wires:** Your decoder may have more functions than needed and some wires may not need connection. It is, however, important to make sure that these wires are insulated at the end so that accidental contact is not made with the loco chassis or other "live" parts of the loco. Where space is tight, cut them shorter first. When we do this we leave 20mm (about 3/4") and then insulate. This should ideally be fine heat-shrink, however dipping the wire ends into some non-metallic nail polish and letting it dry is a low cost and easy-to-do option (dip or brush it on it twice to be sure its properly insulated).
- **Take your time and work in a well-lit, clean area:** Patience will reward you with good results.
- **If you are unsure, ask:** We are here 7 days a week and will always welcome questions. Contact details at bottom of page.

**ZEN STAY ALIVE INSTALLATION & WIRING**

Zen Stay-Alives are now modular - and "Plug-and-Play".

Making the Stay-Alive smaller is a challenge: however if we separate the power management from the storage, it becomes thinner, able to be placed in smaller places and will therefore be much easier for you to fit inside your locomotives.

There are several sizes of Stay-Alive available: See our website for details.



The very common 8-pin NEM 652 locomotive socket. (This is the view from the top of the loco socket)



The N scale 6-pin NEM 651 locomotive socket. (This is the view from the top of the loco socket)

This socket has no Blue + wire for lights! The lighting is always on half-wave power (grounded via the chassis).



**The HIGH POWER ZEN BUDDHA 6-function decoder.**

This decoder has interactive overload protection against overload or short circuits. Continuous load exceeds 3.5A, peak is 5A for loco drive.

Use wire able to take these power levels. Created for large scale locomotives.



**21-pin MTC socket.**

(Again, this is what you see from the top of the loco socket)

Please note there are TWO versions of the Zen 21-pin decoder.

One has 6 functions at full power, the other has Aux 1 and 2 at full power, but Aux 3 and 4 are at lower power levels. Your new loco could need either, so please check carefully!



**There ARE other connectors such as Next 18 & PLUX, but they are generally plug-and-play only and not "user adjustable".**



## Unique features, real performance and exceptional installability

**PART 1 - DCCconcepts ZEN BLUE+ & BLACK decoders - motor control, loco running and adjustment:** ZEN decoders comply with DCC standards & work perfectly with all properly designed DCC systems. This section explains general setup and motor-control.

ZEN decoder "motor control" gives you options well beyond normal loco operation as you are also able to configure the Zen motor drive circuit to power accessories such as turntables, cranes or other motor-driven devices. Motor speed can be fixed or variable and you can choose to operate via either conventional speed control, directly via forward/reverse controls OR via direct function-button control.

### NOTE PLEASE:

- If this is a NEW installation, please do the first steps on the Program track as this will be current limited and can often protect a decoder if there is something wrong with the loco, the installation or the decoder wiring. Then...
- If you are adjusting any movement or similar thing, then it will be better to do this on the main track, as you can make the changes and immediately see them (you can for example even adjust settings while the loco is moving!)
- Sometimes you will see 0 (Zero) as the default for a CV. This can mean either "Off" or "Maximum" depending on the CVs purpose.
- We suggest you use the 128 speed step setting when adjusting any motor control CV related to loco movement for best results.
- If you make an error, get lost or have results that are unexpected, you can re-set ZEN decoder to default by setting CV8 to 8.

<b>CV1</b>	Short address	Default = 3	Range = 1~127 (99)	<i>NO leading zeros please. i.e. #8 is simply 8)</i>
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Use CV1 if you wish to set the SHORT address of the decoder. Usually this is between 1 and 127 (1 to 99 with Lenz). We do however recommend that you use the LONG address if possible, leaving this at the default of address #3. (Using the long address will let you use the actual locomotive number printed on its cab side, so you will not have to remember what it is!)

<b>CV2</b>	Starting Voltage	Default = may vary	Range = 1~255
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Use CV1 to adjust the speed step at which your locomotive starts to move. If the loco moves off too fast at controller speed step 1, then reduce CV2 in steps if 1 until it crawls away on speed step 1. If the locomotive is reluctant to move off until the controller shows several speed steps, then increase it until it crawls away on speed step 1.

<b>CV3</b>	Acceleration	Default = 12	Range = 1~255
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Use CV3 to adjust the way that your locomotive moves off. This CV simulates load and mass so it will delay the loco start slightly and slow the acceleration vs. the control knob position, making the loco move more realistically. Settings well above our default of 12 may mean that your loco/train will take some distance to reach the speed you set, so experiment to find your ideal setting. We DO suggest that you always have some momentum, even if it is short, as this will smooth out the loco performance. (VERY important if you use 28 SS as this actually just makes the loco speed jump 4 speed steps at a time)

<b>CV4</b>	Deceleration	Default = 12	Range = 1~255
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Use CV4 to adjust the way that your locomotive slows and stops. This CV also simulates load and mass so it will make the loco slow down realistically by slowing the deceleration vs. the control knob position, making a loco move more realistically. Settings above our default of 12 will mean that your loco/train will take a longer distance to stop, so experiment to find your ideal setting. We DO suggest that you always have some deceleration set, even if it is short, as this will smooth out the loco performance. (VERY important if you use 28 SS as this actually just makes the loco speed jump 4 speed steps at a time)

<b>CV5</b>	V-Maximum	Default = 0	Range = 1~255
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Use CV5 to adjust the TOP speed of your locomotive downwards (it is already at maximum by default). Lowering this CV can make a loco more prototypical as, for example, a shunter (switcher) will have a lower top speed than other trains. As a guide, the chart related to CV25 will give you some ideas here. ALWAYS set CV 5 and CV6 (mid-speed) at the same time please, as both will contribute to the overall running performance. By the way - lowering CV5 and CV 6 will also compress the total speed range while leaving the same number of speed steps available, so it will refine loco control quite nicely.



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<b>CV6</b>	V-Mid	Default = 0	Range = 1~255
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Use CV6 to adjust the MID speed of your locomotive downwards (it is already at mid voltage by default). ALWAYS adjust CV6 if you change CV5. A linear acceleration will be maintained by setting CV6 and 50% of CV5 settings. However lowering this CV to LESS than 50% of CV5 settings can make a very pleasing difference to the way a locomotive accelerates from a stop. The best way to start to experiment is with CV6 = 33% of the CV5 setting and adjust up or down from there. CV6 should not exceed 66% or be less than 20% of the top speed, or results may be unpredictable. (If you get lost, then reset is CV8 = 8)

<b>CV7</b>	Manufacturer Version. <u>Not Adjustable</u> . Please see notes.
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CV7 contains the software version information for the production batch in which the specific decoder was made. CV7 is only for manufacturer use so it is locked and not user changeable, but you can look at it if you wish. (Knowing this number may be useful if you are talking to us about your Zen decoder as it will help us to correctly advise you about some things.)

<b>CV8</b>	Manufacturer number <u>and</u> the Decoder Reset CV
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CV8 contains the officially registered DCC manufacturer number for DCCconcepts. DCCconcepts ZEN will always be 36. CV8 is also the "Decoder Reset" CV - So: if you instruct your controller to change CV8 to 8 during either program track use or when using "Program on the main", the decoder will be totally re-set to its ex-factory default for all CVs, and the decoder address will become number 3 again. (After reset, CV8 will still show 36, as this is locked-in at all times)

<b>CV10</b>	BEMF cut-off step	Default = 0	1~128, but the recommended range is 1~80
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In this case the default of 0 equals ex-factory pre-set. We recommend you leave it at default unless you really need to adjust it. The value you enter into CV 10 directly correlates to the speed step at which the BEMF action will greatly reduce and/or cut out. For example, if you want to use BEMF to aid starting, but keep direct control (without automatic speed control on gradients for example) for the rest of the speed range, use CV10. To adjust when BEMF stops acting, simply enter any value into CV 10 that is between 1 and 128. The number you choose will then be the speed step at which BEMF stops acting on your locomotive.

<b>CV13</b>	Function outputs active on DC (this covers functions 1 to 8)	Default = 255 (0)	Set Range = Chart below
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CV13 lets you choose which lights, etc., will remain on when you are running your loco on a DC layout or under DC control. Please use the chart below. Select the functions that you wish to be ON when running with DC, then add up the numbers and enter that value into CV 13. For example, enter 7 into CV13 if you want Front and Rear lights plus F3 and F4 to be on with DC.

White wire (Front or head light) and Yellow wire (Rear light or tail light)	FL or RL	1
Green wire or Function 3	(Aux 1)	2
Purple wire or Function 4	(Aux 2)	4
Brown wire or Function 5	(Aux 3)	8
Pink wire or Function 6	(Aux 4)	16



<b>CV9</b>	<b>CV11</b>	<b>CV12</b>	<b>CV14</b>	These are not user-adjustable CVs. Please do not attempt to use them.
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<b>CV15</b>	Decoder UNLOCK #	Default = 0 (off)	Range = 1~255
<b>CV16</b>	Decoder LOCK#	Default = 1	Range = 1~255

Use CV 15 and CV 16 together to lock or unlock a ZEN decoder, a VERY useful thing if you have multiple decoders in one train and want to set functions differently, etc. (example, EMU or DMU with multiple power cars and lighting set up in the coaches). *By using decoder lock, you can have the WHOLE TRAIN in the programming track and by using the selective locking and unlocking abilities of the decoder, reprogram one decoder at a time without affecting them all. A very useful thing indeed!*

CV 15 holds the decoder-specific KEY numbers for the locking system. Setting CV15 to any number above 0 activates that key number and initiates decoder locking. The default is 0 which means locking is OFF.

CV16 is the decoder-specific LOCK number. It is already set to 1 (ONE) so it is ready for the first key by default.

Use CV16 first in order to set up the LOCK numbers in each decoder. (Ideally, do it prior to decoder installation). Allocate the CV16 number for each. We suggest that you start at 1, and set the subsequent decoders to 2, 3, 4, etc. (You can use any number sequence you want up to 255, but keep it simple as you'll need to remember them).

AFTER setting CV16, set CV15 on all decoders to be installed in that train to the first number in your CV16 sequence. Now install the decoders & prepare to program (The first decoder will already be unlocked if you used the above guide).

Set this decoder up as you want it to be then lock it again by changing its CV15 number to any number higher than the highest CV16 number in the sequence. (e.g. if you have 4 decoders with CV16 set to 1/2/3/4, then set CV15 to 5).

Now set the CV15 value in the second decoder to a value of 2 to match its CV16 number, and it will be unlocked. Program the decoder then change its CV15 number to 5 to lock it. Repeat this process with decoders 3 and 4 in the sequence.

At any point, you can go back and change CV15 so that it again matches CV16 to unlock and re-adjust any of the decoders. *(NO programming can be done with a decoder locked including a CV8 = 8 reset. However, CV15 remains accessible, and with Zen decoders, if you DO forget the CV15 lock number, you can simply set CV15 to 0 (ZERO) to unlock the decoder)*

<b>CV17</b>	Long Address (High and low byte)	Default = 0	Range = 1~255
<b>CV18</b>		Default = 0	Range = 1~255

*Your controller will usually set the contents of CV 17 and CV 18 for you automatically when you choose to use a long address!*

A long address can be anywhere between 0001 and 9999. (Note: in digital addressing, a zero is as valid as any other number, so while 3 is a short address, 0003 is long. Therefore never insert leading zeros unless you really DO want them there)

Recording a long address needs more memory than can be held in one CV so two are used.

There IS a way to calculate these numbers, however you should not really ever have to do it as fortunately your control system will do this for you automatically. If you are interested in how it is done and want to try to do it manually, please search online for "DCC long address calculator" and you will find several examples to look at and learn from.

Choosing the long address: Those new to DCC often use short addresses (set in CV1) in sequence, which is fine as long as you have only a couple of locos, but what happens when you have many - or run trains infrequently so numbers may be forgotten? We strongly recommend that you think about using long addresses, using the numbers allocated on the real thing and already printed on the cab-side of almost every model locomotive.

For many prototypes these are 4 digit addresses so they can be used directly. Others use longer numbers which are a combination of the loco class and its individual number or regional number plus individual number.... Either way, if you use them consistently as the basis for your "Long addresses", you will never forget a loco number again!

*If you DO forget a loco number, you have two simple ways of recovering the loco using your controller. You can either put the loco on the programming track and "read" the decoder - or do a decoder reset, which will automatically reset the address to #3.*

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<b>CV19</b>	Consist Address	Default = 0	1~127
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There are TWO types of consist. CV19 records the address for ADVANCED consisting. Simple consists or “double heading” is handled entirely within the DCC controller, which temporarily allocates a standard CV1 short address to both locomotives.

We are discussing only “Advanced consisting” here. A consist in this context is usually made up of two or more locomotives, selected to work together to handle a train temporarily. Once in a consist, the two locomotives will work together as one. More commonly used in places like USA or Australia where trains are larger and frequently require more than one locomotive, they are still used in other areas for heavy or special trains, so it is useful to understand how to create and address a consist.

Consist Addressing is similar to Short Addressing in that Zen decoders accept consist values from 1-127. You will have the choice of number from 1 to 127, but controller “Automatic assignment” of address will usually be in the range of 100 to 127.

If CV19 is set to ANY number other than 0, the decoder will consider itself to be within a consist and it will then only respond to drive commands that are sent to that consist number. The decoder WILL however still let you turn lights on and off by using the Loco’s original long or short address. Advanced consisting is DCC standards based and a consist set up on your layout should therefore respond properly when taken to run on any layout, even if the DCC controller brand used there is different.

Setting up consists: All quality DCC controllers will have a process to set up your consists automatically. Controllers will vary slightly in the details of how they do it so please read your own controller manual before setting up an advanced consist.

<b>CV20</b>	This is not a user adjustable CV. Please do not attempt to use it.		
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<b>CV21</b>	Consist function control settings	Default = 0	See table below
<b>CV22</b>		Default = 0	See table below

These two CVs will manage which functions can be turned on or off when the decoder is in an advanced consist.

Normally your controller will assist you in arranging the lighting when an advanced consist is set up, so you will not need to bother with these two CVs at all. However if you want to attempt to set a consist up manually, you will need to use CV21 and CV22 to set the lighting up appropriately.

By default, none of the lights or functions that are controlled by a decoder can be turned on or off if you are using a “consist address” to identify the locomotive/decoder. You can add this ability by modifying values in CV21 & CV22.

Please use the chart below. Select the functions that you wish to be controllable when the locomotive is in a consist, then add up the numbers and enter that value into CV21 or CV22 as appropriate. For example, enter 3 into CV22 if you want Front (FL) and Rear (RL) lights to be controllable in a consist. Enter 7 into CV21 if you want Aux 1, Aux 2 and Aux 3 to be controllable.

<b>CV21</b>	Green wire or Function 3	(Aux 1)	1
	Purple wire or Function 4	(Aux 2)	2
	Brown wire or Function 5	(Aux 3)	4
	Pink wire or Function 6	(Aux 4)	8
<b>CV22</b>	White wire (Front/headlight)	FL or RL	1
	Yellow wire (Rear/tail light)	FL or RL	2





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<b>CV23</b>	Acceleration momentum trim	Default = 0	Range = 1~255
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This is a simple adjustment for individual loco trimming to match locos when in a consist, etc. Zen decoders also offer a full 3-step trimming to adjust and trim locomotive momentum for acceleration. (See CV125 to CV132) It allows a trim or modification of the values in CV3 by adding or subtracting from it using the same rate equation. In reality, the actual values in CV3 never actually change. (CV23's purpose is to be a temporary adjustment for use with consisting, etc., as opposed to CV3 which is for permanent locomotive setup)

<b>CV24</b>	Deceleration momentum trim	Default = 0	Range = 1~255
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This is a simple adjustment for individual loco trimming to match locos when in a consist, etc. Zen decoders also offer a full 3-step trimming to adjust and trim locomotive momentum for deceleration. (See CV125 to CV132) It allows a trim or modification of the values in CV4 by add or subtracting from it using the same rate equation. In reality, the actual values in CV4 never actually change. (CV24's purpose is to be a temporary adjustment for use with consisting etc as opposed to CV4 which is for permanent locomotive setup)

<b>CV25</b>	ONE STEP LOCO SETUP (Loco / train type presets)	Default = 0	See the table below
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**ONLY** available with DCCconcepts ZEN decoders. (From Software Version 12, Zen BLUE+ and BLACK decoders). A single change to CV25 will change 5 different decoder CVs, setting up your Zen decoder to act more like the prototype so that it and the trains it pulls will react more prototypically - making decoder setup **MUCH** easier. How does it work? When you change CV25, your ZEN BLUE+ or BLACK decoder will then automatically change the running settings in CV2, CV3, CV4, CV5 and CV6 all at once, so you do not need to worry about complex programming. Our suggestions are made using our test locos & preferences. You may wish to change some of them and we encourage you to do so if you wish. After using the pre-sets, you can if you want tune further, one CV at a time. Experiment & have fun.

<b>ZEN BLUE+ &amp; BLACK. ONE STEP LOCOMOTIVE SETUP WITH ZEN CV25</b>						
To simulate a loco/train that acts like the options below	SET CV25	Decoder settings will then become				
		CV2	CV3	CV4	CV5	CV6
DEFAULT SETTINGS	0	2	12	12	0	0
SHUNTING LOCO	1	2	4	4	72	24
LIGHT FREIGHT	2	2	6	6	84	32
HEAVY FREIGHT	3	2	18	24	96	40
EXPRESS FREIGHT	4	2	15	21	108	48
LIGHT ENGINE	5	2	4	4	96	40
LOCAL / BRANCH PASS.	6	2	12	12	96	40
STOPPING PASSENGER	7	2	15	18	108	36
EXPRESS PASSENGER	8	2	15	18	120	52
EMU or DMU	9	2	8	12	120	60

<b>CV26</b>	<b>CV28</b>	<b>CV30</b>	<b>CV31</b>	<b>CV32</b>	Not user adjustable CVs. Please do not attempt to use them.
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<b>CV27</b>	ZEN AUTOMATION with SHUTTLE, ABC & BRAKE ON DC	Default = 0	Also see PART 3 of this manual
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DCCconcepts have added considerably to the potential for automation within a decoder. CV27 is the core CV that sets the primary configuration for braking, slow down & ZEN SHUTTLE control with ABC. This takes several steps so we have moved all discussion of these CVs and their operation or adjustment to later in this manual (with helpful specific examples).

For more, please go to **PART 3: DCCconcepts ZEN BLACK decoders - ZEN Automatic braking with ABC and Brake on DC**

The basics for CV27: Select the actions that you want to implement from the left column. Add up the corresponding values from the right column and enter the resulting value into CV 27.

(Please note: The default asymmetrical DCC signal voltage difference value is 1.2V, but you can adjust detection sensitivity with CV 62 if "Auto Stop in the presence of an Signal Controlled Influence cut-out signal" is enabled)

<b>CV27 - Primary DCCconcepts ABC Function Settings, STOPPING or SHUTTLE. (Related options activate with CV55 CV56)</b>	
DCCconcepts auto-slow down/stop when an ABC DCC Signal is detected. (More POSITIVE on ABC rail)	1
DCCconcepts auto-slow down/stop when an ABC DCC Signal is detected. (More NEGATIVE on ABC rail)	2
DCCconcepts Automatic ZEN SHUTTLE OPERATION with time adjustable stop period. (Adjust stop timing with CV59)	4
Automatically stop when in the presence of a signal control influence cut-out signal. (Adjust signal sensitivity with CV62)	8
<b>DCCconcepts ZEN Brake on DC option (Simplified "One rail only" Brake on DC activation - for both ZEN Blue+ &amp; Black)</b>	
Brake on DC if DCCconcepts BDC 1-rail DC rectification or (+) DC is detected (Voltage is POSITIVE on selected rail)	16
Brake on DC if DCCconcepts BDC 1-rail DC rectification or (-)DC is detected (Voltage is NEGATIVE on selected rail)	32

<b>CV29</b>	The PRIMARY decoder configuration & operational options	Default = 6	See table and descriptions below
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CV29 is a clever CV that sets the primary configuration of the decoder. It is usually not necessary for you to make direct CV29 changes as all quality DCC systems will automatically change it to match your selections during initial decoder set-up.

You can edit it directly but please do NOT do so unless you have a basic understanding of CV29 actions, because a wrong setting will stop the decoder working properly. As a fall-back, if you make a change that results in a decoder not operating you can recover the decoder EITHER by a full CV8 = 8 reset. Alternatively, for a "simple direct fix" that will not affect other things - If the decoder had a short address, change CV29 to 2. - If the decoder had a long address, change CV29 to 32.

Your control system will usually set CV29 for you, depending on the options that you select during program track setup. If you want to know more about CV29, please search online for "DCC CV29 calculator" and you will find many options there.

<b>CV29 - The PRIMARY decoder basic configuration CV' - What it controls and basic setting information</b>	
<b>Direction of operation of the decoder or locomotive:</b> 0 is normal, set this bit to 1 to swap forward and reverse	1
<b>14 or 28 Speed steps:</b> 0 = 14 speed steps, 2 = 28/128 speed steps, With few exceptions, you should ALWAYS leave this set to 2. (You can select between 28 and 128 speed steps via your controller. We recommend 128 for finer control)	2
<b>DC running option:</b> Leaving this at default will allow running when the decoder sees DC power on the rails. It must be turned OFF if you are using a Stay alive or wanting to use Zen Automatic braking, Zen Shuttle, ABC or Brake on DC Decoder runaways can happen when DC running is left engaged, so we recommend turning OFF (Choose 0 for this option)	4
<b>Railcom:</b> A proprietary Lenz option, we recommend Railcom is left OFF as it will usually be ignored by most systems	8
<b>Alternate Speed Curve:</b> This decoder has a default speed curve and it will also allow you to set your own custom 28 step speed curve using CV67 to CV94. To use the built in speed curve (recommended) you should leave this at 0	16
<b>Short or Long address:</b> If the decoder has an address between 1 and 127 set it to 0. For 128 to 1999 it should be 32	32

Choose the options you want, ADD the numbers for those options together and then enter that value into CV29



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**CV33 to CV54**

CV33 to CV54 are "Lighting and Function mapping" related CVs. See the ZEN manual PART 2.

DCCconcepts ZEN decoders have a huge range of lighting options. This may take several steps so we have moved all of the discussion of these CVs and their operation, their use or their adjustment to later in this manual (with helpful specific examples).

For more, please go to PART 2: DCCconcepts ZEN BLUE+ and BLACK decoders - detailed lighting and function setup.

**CV48**

ABC Accel. delay if moving directly from a SLOW to a STOP section

Default = 15

Range 1~255. Also see P29

When a loco moves directly from an ABC SLOW DOWN section to an ABC STOP section, there will be a short time period where the wheelbase is bridging both sections. This may cause it to accelerate slightly. This will vary by length of loco. To prevent this, we have added a "Time delay when leaving ABC SLOW option" using CV48. You can adjust it in 255 steps. Each step is equal to 0.1 seconds. The default is set at CV48 = 15 or 1.5 seconds. Adjust it individually to suit each of your locomotives.

**CV55 to CV 60**

DCCconcepts ABC Braking adjustment CVs

Default = Various

Please see manual Part 3

DCCconcepts ZEN BLACK decoders have a uniquely sophisticated ABC control ability, allowing automated slowing and stopping with great accuracy. They are also able to carry out totally automatic shuttle operation with very simple set-up.

For more, please go to PART 3: DCCconcepts ZEN BLUE+ and BLACK decoders for detailed ABC braking set-up.

**CV61**

BEMF on/off, Button control of BEMF, Button control of the MOTOR, Lights, Opposite Dim, etc.

Default = 1

CV61 is a compound CV and able to influence the control of several things. This will need several numbers added together. The final total that you set into CV61 will dictate what the decoder will do in several areas. We will follow the various options and related CVs here and also add some chart to clarify things a little for you.

By the way - before you adjust BEMF related things, be aware that it is rare that any running problems actually relate to BEMF. Suspect cleanliness, loco power pickup or mechanism and their many possible binding points before changing things in the decoder software!

Turning Back EMF on and off: Turning BEMF on and off - BEMF needs 1 added to CV61 to turn BEMF on. (The default is set to 1)

Using CV61 to turn BUTTON CONTROL of BEMF on and off: Button control of BEMF lets you turn BEMF on and off using a function button. Button control is OFF by default. To activate button control, 2 has to be added to the value that is currently in CV61.

You would change CV61 to a value of 3 to set BEMF on with button control. Button control of BEMF is already set up to be automatically controlled by your controllers Function 6 button. We chose to use Function 6 because F0~F5 are often used for other things.

You can, if you wish, re-map button control of BEMF to F5 ~ F12 by using CV136. Please refer to the CV136 chart.

Activating "Opposite Dim" or "Dim lights when stopped" ability by adding to the value that is set in CV61:

We need to activate opposite dim/dim when stopped so that "Rule 17" lighting can work. (Rule 17 is fully explained on page 23)

To activate "Dim when stopped" so that the lights dim when stopped, add 16 to the value already set into CV61

To activate "Opposite dim" so that the lights dim at the rear of the loco when stopped, add 32 to the value already set into CV61

Activating function-button control of the motor by adding to the value that is already set into CV61:

There are TWO forms of button control of the motor. "Manual control of motor circuit" and "Automatic control of motor circuit".

These abilities make it possible to control devices such as turntables and lift bridges - and can also be used to control higher-powered accessories such as large smoke units that need power handling larger than normal decoder functions can manage.

MANUAL push-button control is set by adding 64 to the value that is already set into CV61.

Manual control means that the motor will move in one direction with F2 and in the other with F3.

Motor speed control when using manual push button control can be controlled by setting CV133.

AUTOMATIC push-button control is set by adding 68 to the value that is already set into CV61.

Automatic control means that the motor is turned on and off with function 2 and then the motor direction is controlled by the DCC controller direction buttons. Motor speed can be controlled by setting CV133. The function button choice can be chosen via the value that you set in CV134. See next page for CV134 chart



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<b>CV61 data continued</b>	A chart based range of CV 61 optional settings that you can choose to use	Default = 1
BEMF on	BEMF is turned on at all times	1
BEMF with button control	BEMF can be turned on and off by using DCC controller Function button #6	2
Add "Dim when stopped"	Add 16 to whatever value you already have set into CV61	16+ existing #
Add "Reverse dim"	Add 32 to whatever value you already have set into CV61	32+ existing #
Add both Dimmer options	Add 48 to whatever value you already have set into CV61	48+ existing #
Add Manual Motor control	Add 64 to whatever value you already have set into CV61	64+ existing #
Add Automatic Motor Ctrl	Add 68 to whatever value you already have set into CV61	68+ existing #
Example for reference	BEMF on + BEMF button control + Dim when stopped = 1 + 2 + 16 = 19	Set CV61 to 19

Now CV61 is set, we can now move on to CVs 133, 134 and 136 to set how the motor will run and how it will be activated.

**CV133 sets the motor RPM/speed when CV61 has manual or automatic motor control enabled**

CV61 has either 64 or 68 added to its current value	Motor speed can be adjusted from 1 to 128 (direct equivalent to Speed steps)	Range 1~128
---	--	-------------

When you use button control of the motor, you will want to set its speed. In both AUTOMATIC and MANUAL button control mode, motor speed can be set by changing CV133. The range will be 1 to 128, corresponding to the 128 speed steps available in the decoder.

**CV134 lets you choose which of the function buttons (0 ~ 4) you will use to start the motor with Automatic button control.**

Function Button choice	FWD 0	REV 0	1	2	3	4
<b>CV134 value should be</b>	1	2	4	8	16	32

With Automatic motor control, you control direction with the DCC controller Forward and Reverse buttons and activate the motor with a controller function.

The default is Function 2 because it is set to momentary with most controllers. (F2 only on while it is being pressed). If you want to change that, then use CV134 to select a different button for its operation. (Manual control of motor always uses F2 and F3)



**CV136 lets you choose which function button you want to use to turn Back EMF ON or OFF**

Function Button choice	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>CV136 value should be</b>	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128

Back EMF is on by default and will normally give excellent control, ensuring great slow running and slow starting as well as managing speed up and down hill - reducing slowing down on gradients and speeding up on the down hill run. Some modellers prefer to really drive their trains though, and using button control will give you the best of both worlds.

For example: Leave it on for a slow start, then turn it off with the simple press of a function button while driving so you really have to pay attention to train control... then re-engage it as the train comes to a stop. This can add to the interest for those who love realism! Setting CV61 to 3 will activate button control using function 6. You can change which button you use using the CV136 chart above.

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<b>CV65</b>	ZEN STAY ALIVE run time adjustment.	Default = 0 (Max)	1 to 4
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To adjust how far your loco will go when a large “Stay Alive”™ is fitted to your loco:

This is a very simple to use CV setting. Default of 0 will allow the full run time available from the Stay Alive. Any setting from 1 to 4 will set a specific time. Each step is 0.5 seconds, so set to 1 = 0.5, set to 4 = 2.0 seconds. Please note that the actual run distance will of course vary depending on the power that is drawn by your loco, so not all locomotives will run the same distance on the same time setting.

<b>CV66</b>	Alternative BEMF motor mapping (Adjusted BEMF settings)	Default = 0	0 or 1
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Use CV66 to adjust the overall influence of BEMF on your locomotive running characteristics:

DCCconcepts ZEN BEMF is pre-set & automatically adjusts for many motor types so generally needs little adjustment. However, some very low current or coreless motor types have significant differences so we have created a second BEMF range to accommodate them. Default of 0 in CV66 will leave the main BEMF structure active. This is suitable for most motor types. If you set CV66 to 1, it will lower the influence levels of BEMF, making them suitable for very small, high efficiency or coreless motors.

You can also turn BEMF off OR control BEMF on/off via a function button by setting the appropriate numbers into CV61 OR keep BEMF active only for starting locomotive / turn it off at a specific speed step with CV10.

<b>CV67 to CV94</b>	28 CVs that work together to create a 28-step customisable speed table	Default = 0	1 to 128
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Your ZEN decoder already has our preferred speed table active when you buy it. However, you may wish to use this optional speed table or create your own. To do this you will need to tell the decoder to use the “Alternative” speed table. This is done by reading CV29, then adding 16 to whatever number you find there. (For example, if CV29 is 32, add 16 to make it 48).

The range of all speed table CVs is 1–255. However you need to follow some simple rules when setting them to get a good result:

- Keep CV67 to 69 relatively low to ensure a smooth start.
- Keep the steps reasonably regular. It is OK to have them initially closer and growing, but large steps create jerky speed transitions.
- The lowest CV value must be CV67. Each CV must be equal to or larger than its predecessor.
- You CAN reach 255 earlier than CV94 but if you do, all CVs after the first CV that reads 255 must also be set at 255.

CV #	Speed Step #	Default	Your #
CV67	Speed Step 1	1	
CV68	Speed Step 2	10	
CV69	Speed Step 3	19	
CV70	Speed Step 4	29	
CV71	Speed Step 5	38	
CV72	Speed Step 6	48	
CV73	Speed Step 7	57	
CV74	Speed Step 8	66	
CV75	Speed Step 9	76	
CV76	Speed Step 10	85	
CV77	Speed Step 11	95	
CV78	Speed Step 12	104	
CV79	Speed Step 13	113	
CV80	Speed Step 14	123	

CV #	Speed Step #	Default	Your #
CV81	Speed Step 15	132	
CV82	Speed Step 16	142	
CV83	Speed Step 17	151	
CV84	Speed Step 18	160	
CV85	Speed Step 19	170	
CV86	Speed Step 20	179	
CV87	Speed Step 21	189	
CV88	Speed Step 22	198	
CV89	Speed Step 23	207	
CV90	Speed Step 24	217	
CV91	Speed Step 25	226	
CV92	Speed Step 26	236	
CV93	Speed Step 27	245	
CV94	Speed Step 28	255	

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**CV95 to CV111** These CVs are not user adjustable. Please do not attempt to change them.

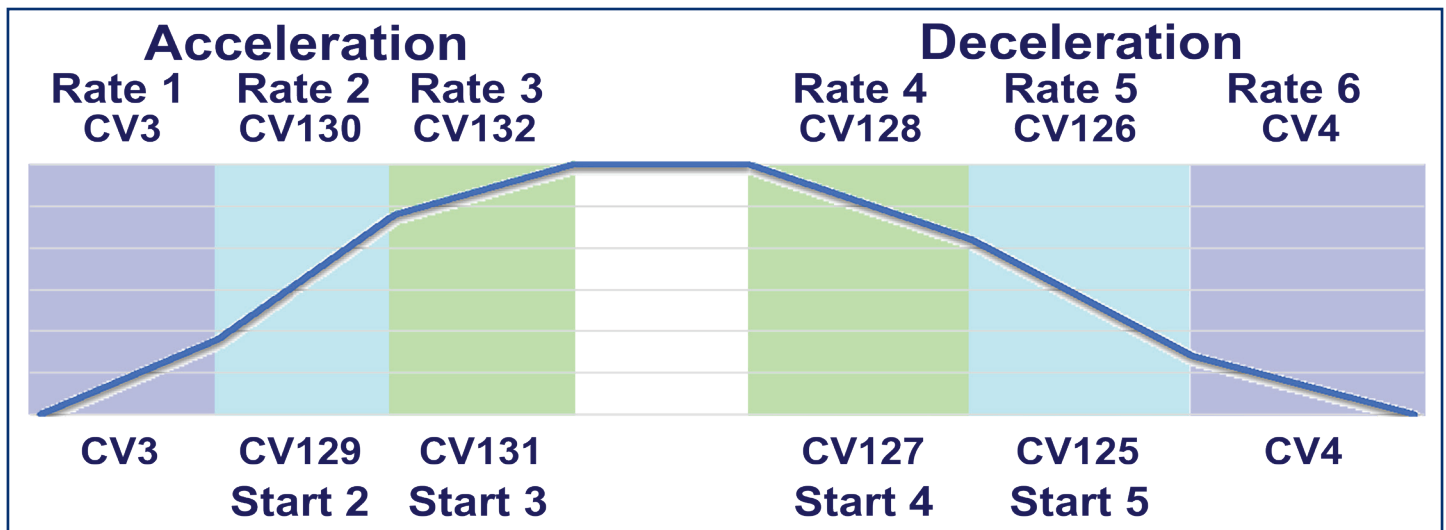
**CV112 to CV122** This set of CVs is part of ZEN lighting control. Please see PART 2 of this manual

**CV123 to CV124** These CVs are not user adjustable. Please do not attempt to change them.

<b>CV125 to CV132</b>	ZEN 3-Step DECELERATION and ACCELERATION adjustment	Default = 0	See Notes
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Trains and locomotives are large, heavy things and the way they accelerate is quite distinctive case by case, with heavy freight trains having quite different characteristics to lighter trains such as passenger DMU or EMU units for example. Apart from the obvious slower start with increasing acceleration as speed builds, slow down is also influenced by the need to keep constant weight on couplers when braking OR of course, to keep passengers comfortable.

Realism matters to many of us, so our ZEN decoder can also have a variable acceleration or deceleration curve. With CV3 and CV4 already set, these will form steps 1 & 6 for the lower part of the acceleration/deceleration curves. The mid and top rate of change will be controlled by CV125 to CV132. Please refer to this chart to see the concept visually. Experiment and have fun.



<b>CV133</b>	Adjust the motor speed when it is under function button control (See CV61 etc)	Default = 0	1 to 128
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Adjusting this CV will let you set the motor run speed OR the operating voltage of a device that is connected to the DECODER MOTOR DRIVE CIRCUIT if you are controlling it via a function button. (Please refer to CV61 and other information on the CV61 page for detailed information on how to initiate button control).

The available range for this CV is 1 to 128. (The steps relate to the 128 available speed steps). Each step will be approximately 1/128th of track voltage. At 16v this is 0.125v per step.

<b>CV134</b>	Function assignment for button control of a motor or other device	Default = 0	See chart
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The basic details are in this chart: *More detail can be found on pages 11 and 12 which detail the various settings for CV61 use.*

Function Button choice	FWD 0	REV 0	1	2	3	4
<b>CV134 value should be</b>	1	2	4	8	16	32

**CV137 ~ CV139 CV142 ~ CV143 CV149 ~ CV255** These three CV groups are not user adjustable.





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### Stay-Alives and Zen Decoders.

Our Zen Blue+ and Black decoder range now has a really strong “Brown out” prevention ability built in so we no longer pack a Stay-Alive with every decoder.

We also know that track will not always be perfect and that some locos have “less than good” pickup ability, so we have, at the same time, made the optional installation of Stay-Alives very simple indeed. In fact, installing one of our new Stay-Alive range is now, more often than not, a simple plug-and-play option!

With our large-scale “Zen Buddha” decoder we have gone one step further: Large scale is often used outdoors or on larger layouts where track ckeaning isn’t easy - so a high power “Stay-Alive” is already fitted to the decoder.

### The super-installable Zen Stay-Alive range.

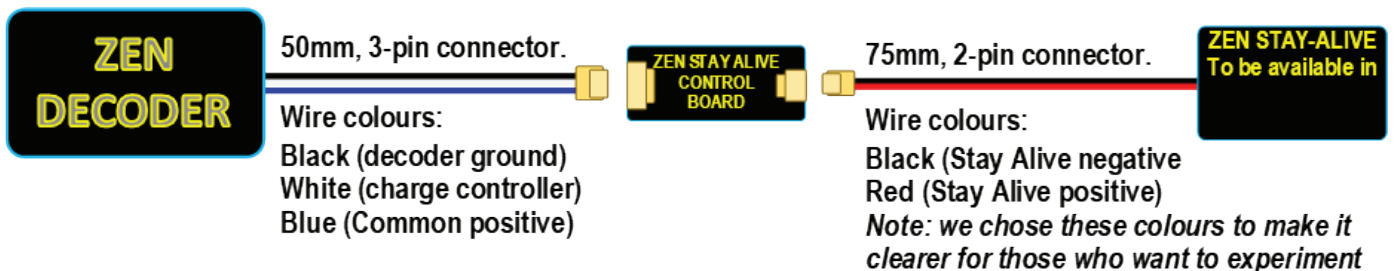
Stay-Alive design requires some conflicting issues to be resolved.

Users often want larger capacity for longer power delivery. This means greater size... which means larger capacitors.

This in turn also needs more careful power control as “super capacitors” cannot handle higher voltages. That adds various electronic items that we also need to find space for - inside a loco - a place that usually has none to spare!

So... we need to make them bigger - but we also need to keep them simple to apply and installable by modellers who want the best but may not have great soldering skills... or the confidence to work with fine wiring.

We have achieved that by changing the way we approach their creation. The following details will tell the story.



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